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GENERAL

- 1. Menon sees need for Indian mediation in Korean political conference (page 3).
- 2. Egyptian government reportedly plans to buy Soviet oil products (page 3).

FAR EAST

- 3. South Korea seeking 35-division army (page 4).
- 4. Large new steel center planned by Peiping (page 5).

SOUTHEAST ASIA

- 5. French official sees possible need for American pilots and specialists in Indochina (page 5).
- 6. Eden says situation in Malaya deteriorating (page 6).

7.

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

8. Eden interested in northern Middle East defense arrangements (page 7).

EASTERN EUROPE

9.

25X1

25X1

10. Hungarian 1954 plan reveals sharp cut in rate of industrial growth (page 8).

WESTERN EUROPE

11. Spain presses for over-all settlement of disputes with France (page 9).

LATIN AMERICA

12. Possibility of coup increases in Honduras (page 9).

25X1A

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25X1A Approved For Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001400330001-9

GENERAL

1.	Menon sees need for Indian mediation in Korean political conference:
25X1A X1	Indian UN delegate Krishna Menon recently hinted in New Delhi that India would be willing to act as a mediator in order to get a Korean political conference started, Menon suggested that the UN Command prepare "minimum criteria" as a basis for mediation.
	He reportedly also hinted at this idea in a talk on 19 January with
	Comment: This may be the first of the "compromise" proposals which India has been expected to bring forward to coincide with a possible UN General Assembly meeting.
	India's recent difficulties in Korea apparently have not deterred it from seeking to play a leading role in a Korean settlement, as it did in connection with the Korean armistice resolution and the POW question. India presumably feels, however, that any plan for Indian mediation should appear to come from the UN.
2.	Egyptian government reportedly plans to buy Soviet oil products:
5X1A	The Egyptian government recently requested an American oil company with a marketing organization in Egypt to participate in the distribution of Orbit petroleum products for which it was negotiating,
	The company rejected the proposal and Egypt thereupon indicated that unless it agrees to distribute Soviet products, it will invite the Soviet government to form a company for their sale in Egypt.
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Comment: Current Egpytian-Soviet trade negotiations reportedly include Soviet petroleum. The Egyptian-Rumanian trade agreement of 18 January also provides for shipment of petroleum products.

Egyptian petroleum imports, chiefly kerosene, amounting to less than 1,000,000 tons annually, are relatively insignificant. Most oil storage and distribution facilities in Egypt are controlled by Western companies. It is unlikely that the USSR would provide such facilities.

FAR EAST

3. South Korea seeking 35-division army:

and pressure.

25X1A		South Korean officials on 24 January expressed a desire for American military aid to expand the army from 20 to 35 divisions, with corresponding air and naval development. Foreign
	Minister Pyun told the	American embassy that unless the proposals are

Ambassador Briggs comments that Pyun's observations amount to an attempt at blackmail and that Seoul's manpower and leadership capacities are already being strained by the present 20-division program.

met, South Korea may eventually collapse under Communist infiltration

air power, primarily jets, from the United States, and this may be his opening bargaining tactic.

The Rhee-Dulles agreement of 8 August stipulates that South Korean forces shall remain under UN Command control until the US-South Korean mutual defense pact, which the United States Senate will soon consider, is ratified. If Rhee is unsuccessful in this latest demand, he is capable of renewing his threat to withdraw his troops from UN control and pressing for increased military aid from the United States.

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	4.	Large new steel center planned by Peiping:
25X1 <i>F</i>	4	Peiping radio reported on 12 January that "gigantic and unusually rich" iron deposits have been discovered near Paotou, 300 miles west of Peiping in Suiyuan Province, which warrant the construction of another steel center there comparable to China's only large one at Anshan, Manchuria
		center there comparable to entire 5 only large one at Anghan, manenaria
		Comment: Paotou is the planned site of one of two new steel centers to be built with Soviet aid.
		Numerous refugees from Suiyuan in the past year have reported Russian advisers and extensive activity at the Pailingmiao iron mine, 90 miles north of Paotou, efforts to increase the capacity of the Peiping-Suiyuan railroad, and extension of the railroad from Paotou to the mine.
		SOUTHEAST ASIA
	5.	French official sees possible need for American pilots and specialists in Indochina:

25X1A

Secretary for Associated States Jacquet told Ambassador Heath in Saigon on 21 January that France must either produce some military victories in Indochina within the next

few months or be forced by parliament to negotiate with the Viet Minh. He sees no possibility of a decisive defeat of the Viet Minh unless there is eventual American participation, perhaps in the form of a "foreign legion" consisting of pilots, mechanics, and military technicians.

Comment: The French have always opposed bringing American military personnel into Indochina, but recently requested more than 400 American maintenance specialists.

Although pressure on the French government for a solution in Indochina will probably increase in the absence of victories, France would probably seek a settlement in a conference in which Communist China was included before attempting direct negotiations with the Viet Minh.

25X1A Approved For Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001400338604291 54

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that incidents of open h	During a private conversation with Secretary Dulles on 23 January, Foreign Secretary Eden said the situation in Malaya is deteriorating and causing considerable concern. He said ostilities are diminishing but are being replaced
	iltration which are more difficult to control.
	Comment: A change in Communist tactics sm to subversion has been apparent since midthe Communists would revert to terrorism after of yet been borne out.
filtration in the security labor organizations. O	officials in Malaya have frequently stated that the s not in sight, but they have not admitted even
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	NEAR EAST - AFRICA
8.	Eden interested in northern Middle East defense arrangements:
25X1A	In a conversation with Secretary Dulles on 23 January, Foreign Secretary Eden showed considerable interest in the idea of a "regional grouping" consisting of Turkey, Iraq, Iran, and Pakistan. He hoped particularly that Iraq
	would be included, apparently to make Egypt realize it was not essential to a Middle East defense project. He also indicated that India was annoyed that Britain was not opposing the idea.
	Comment: Britain feels it has not been consulted closely enough on the American proposal for a northern Middle East defense arrangement. It may hope that the addition of Iraq, with which it has a treaty lasting until 1957, will result in closer British association with American plans for the area.
	The present Iraqi government strongly favors improving Middle Eastern defenses, but its precarious political situation is likely to prevent its active cooperation.
	EASTERN EUROPE
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	26 Jan 54 Approved For Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001400330001-9

25X1

10. Hungarian 1954 plan reveals sharp cut in rate of industrial growth:

Hungary's revised economic plan for 1954, as revealed by the State Planning Office on 22 January, calls for a sharp drop in the rate of industrial growth. Industrial production is to rise only 4.5 percent, in contrast with increases of 11.8

Total investment will be cut over 25 percent and investment in heavy industry will be nearly halved. In contrast to this general trend, investment in agriculture will be almost 70 percent larger than last year, and larger sums are allotted to the production of consumer goods. The portion of the gross national product allotted to consumers will increase by 21 percent.

Comment: The cutback in Hungary's plan for the development of industry is the most drastic announced in any Satellite. The sharp increase in the purchasing power of workers and peasants already provided for will intensify inflationary pressures and confront the regime with adverse consequences if it is unable to make good its promise of more consumer goods.

- 8 -

percent in 1953 and 23.6 percent in 1952.

WESTERN EUROPE

11. Spain presses for over-all settlement of disputes with France:

25X1A

Ambassador Dunn in Madrid states that the Spanish government regards the Moroccan issue mainly as a means of pressing Paris to consider larger ques-

tions. Foreign Minister Artajo told him on 20 January that Spain wants a complete change in its relations with France, which have been "hopeless," as well as a general discussion of all outstanding problems, including the activities of Spanish exiles in southern France and France's "bitter opposition" to Spanish membership in NATO.

Artajo stated that Spain would not destroy Moroccan unity by promoting the separation of the Spanish zone from the rest of Morocco, "since this would be throwing stones at our own glass house."

Comment: The favorable Arab reactions to recent Spanish moves will encourage Madrid to continue its present tactics until Paris shows a willingness to discuss outstanding problems.

LATIN AMERICA

12. Possibility of coup increases in Honduras:

25X1A

The American embassy in Tegucigalpa believes that the possibility of early disorders or a military coup is growing in Honduras. High army officers are openly

taking sides with the two rival factions of the ruling Nationalist Party. A crisis may develop on 28 January, when the Honduran congress is scheduled to set the date for presidential elections.

Comment: In control for 20 years, the Nationalist Party's "old guard," which remains loyal to ex-dictator Carias, is opposed by a "reformist" faction supporting the moderate

- 9 -

25X1A 26 Jan 54 Approved For Release 2003/10/15 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001400330001-9 25X1

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and popular President Galvez. The presidential and congressional elections, due in October, are forcing the closely matched factions, both oriented toward the United States, into an increasingly bitter struggle for power.

A continued split in the Nationalist Party would enhance the electoral prospects of the Communist-infiltrated opposition Liberal Party.